

#### **PROPER USE GUIDELINES**

Cumulative Trauma Disorders can result from the prolonged use of manually powered hand tools. Hand tools are intended for occasional use and low volume applications. A wide selection of powered application equipment for extended-use, production operations is available.

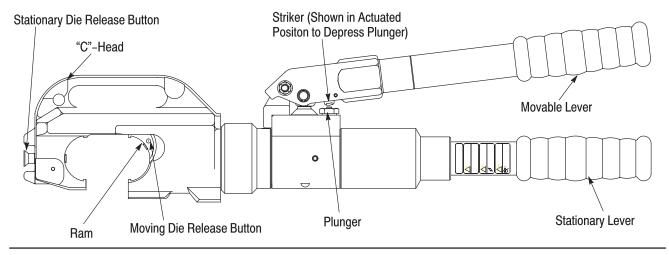


Figure 1

#### 1. INTRODUCTION

Hydraulic Hand Crimping Tool 1490749-1 (Figure 1) is designed for crimping the terminals and splices in Figure 2. Read these instructions thoroughly before using the hand tool.

TERMINALS	WIRE SIZE (AWG)	INSTRUCTION SHEET
AMPOWER* Terminals and Splices	6 Through 4/0	408-8703
SOLISTRAND* Terminals and Splices	8 Through 4/0	408-8691
TERMINYL* Terminals and Splices	8 Through 1/0	408-8704
AMPLI-BOND* Terminals and Splices	8 Through 2	408-8705

Figure 2



Dimensions in this instruction sheet are in metric units [with U.S. customary units in brackets]. Figures and illustrations are for identification only and are not drawn to scale.

# 2. **DESCRIPTION** (Figure 1)

The hand tool has a stationary lever and a movable lever. These levers are compressed to pump hydraulic fluid behind the ram, moving it forward and thereby closing the dies. After the crimping is

complete, the movable lever is turned to depress the plunger. The moving die retracts to its original position, completing the crimping cycle.

#### 3. DIE INSERTION AND REMOVAL



To avoid damage to the tooling, never operate the tool with the dies removed. Failure to insert the dies before operation can result in damage to the "C"-Head or the tool ram.

Before inserting dies, refer to instruction sheet packaged with dies for detailed instructions; insert or remove dies, as necessary, by following procedures given in the instruction sheet for the dies.

#### 4. CRIMPING PROCEDURE

- 1. Strip wires to dimensions specified on the instructions packaged with dies (see Figure 2).
- 2. Insert the terminal or splice in stationary die according to instruction sheet packaged with dies.



To avoid personal injury, be sure to exercise caution while holding terminals, splices, or wire in the crimping area.

3. Pump movable lever until moving die grips terminal or splice.



TOOLING ASSISTANCE CENTER 1-800-722-1111

PRODUCT INFORMATION 1-800-522-6752

Do not deform wire barrel of terminal or splice.

- 4. Insert stripped wire into wire barrel of terminal or splice.
- 5. Continue pumping movable lever. A slight click may be heard, indicating the pump has shifted into the high–pressure stage. Continue pumping movable lever and completely crimp the connector. This tool has a built–in by–pass cartridge that will automatically activate when full pressure is reached. There will be a noticeable decrease in handle pressure when the by–pass is reached.



A high pitched squeaking sound is normal when the tool is operating in the high pressure stage.

- 6. Turn movable lever (to actuate striker), and compress levers to depress plunger. Movable die will now retract. See Figure 1.
- 7. Remove the crimped terminal or splice.



If terminal or splice sticks in die after crimping, apply a rocking action to remove it from die.

8. Inspect the crimped terminal or splice according to inspection procedure on instruction sheet packaged with the dies.

#### 5. MAINTENANCE AND INSPECTION

It is recommended that a maintenance and inspection program be performed periodically to ensure dependable and uniform terminations.

The hand tool is inspected before being shipped; however, It is recommended that the tool be inspected immediately upon arrival at your facility to ensure that the tool has not been damaged during shipment.

### 5.1. Daily Maintenance

- 1. Immerse the hand tool (levers partially closed) in a reliable commercial degreasing compound to remove accumulated dirt, grease, and foreign matter. When degreasing compound is not available, wipe the tool clean with a soft, lint–free cloth. Do NOT use hard or abrasive objects that could damage the tool.
- 2. Protect all pins, pivot points, and bearing surfaces with a THIN coat of any good grade SAE 20 motor oil. Do NOT oil excessively.
- 3. When the tool is not in use, keep the levers closed to prevent objects from becoming lodged in the dies. Store the tool in a clean dry area.

## 5.2. Periodic Inspection

Though recommendations call for at least one inspection a month, actual frequency depends on:

- The care, amount of use, and handling of the hand tool.
- The presence of abnormal amounts of dust and dirt.
- The degree of operator skill.
- · Your own established standards.

#### A. Lubrication

Keep all pins, pivot points, and bearing surfaces lubricated with SAE 20 motor oil as follows:

Tool used in daily production—lubricate daily Tool used daily (occasionally)—lubricate weekly Tool used weekly—lubricate monthly

Wipe excess oil from tool, particularly from crimping area. Oil transferred from the crimping area onto certain terminations may affect the electrical characteristics of an application.



A slight weeping of oil from the ram and pump seals is normal and required to keep the moving parts lubricated. Excessive leakage indicates a need for seal replacement. Refer to Section 6, RETURN/REPLACEMENT.

## **B. Visual Inspection**

- 1. Make certain all retaining pins are in place and secured with retaining rings. If replacements are necessary, return the tool for repair. See Section 6, RETURN/REPLACEMENT.
- 2. Inspect for worn, cracked, or broken areas. If damage is evident, return the tool for evaluation and repair as described in Section 6, RETURN/REPLACEMENT.

### C. Crimping Pressure Inspection

Check the crimping pressure to ensure that dies are fully bottomed before pressure is reduced by the internal bypass valve. The inspection should be performed using each set of dies that will be used in the tool.

- 1. Install dies according to Section 3, DIE INSERTION AND REMOVAL, and the instruction sheet packaged with the dies.
- 2. Select wire and terminal or splice for dies being used.
- 3. Place terminal or splice in dies according to instruction sheet packaged with dies.
- 4. Perform crimping procedure as described in Section 4, CRIMPING PROCEDURE, Steps 3 through 5. Do not release hydraulic pressure at this time.

5. Check the clearance between bottoming surfaces of crimping dies. If clearance is 0.025 mm [.001 in.] or less, the crimp pressure is satisfactory. If clearance exceeds 0.025 mm [.001 in.], the crimp pressure is *not* considered satisfactory. See Section 6, RETURN/REPLACEMENT.

If the tool conforms to these inspection procedures, lubricate it with a THIN coat of any good grade SAE 20 motor oil and return it to service.

## 6. RETURN/REPLACEMENT

Order replacement parts through your Tyco Electronics Representative, or call 1–800–526–5142,

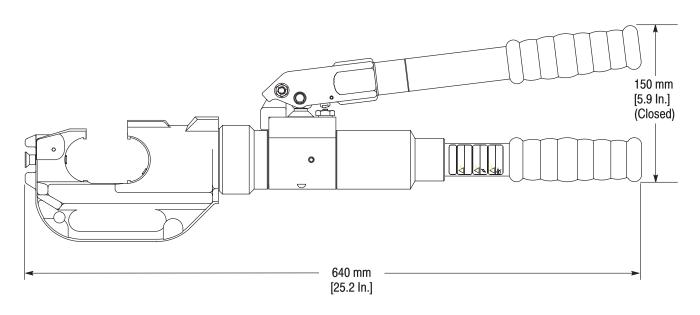
or send a facsimile of your purchase order to 1–717–986–7605, or write to:

CUSTOMER SERVICE (38–35)
TYCO ELECTRONICS CORPORATION
P.O. BOX 3608
HARRISBURG, PA 17105–3608

Crimping heads may also be returned for evaluation and repair. For tool repair service, contact a Tyco Electronics Representative at 1–800–526–5136.

### 7. REVISION SUMMARY

- Updated document to corporate requirements
- New format



Weight: 7.8 kg (17.2 lb)

Figure 3