

#### **NPN Darlington Power Silicon Transistor** Qualified Levels: RoH.S JAN, JANTX, and Available Qualified per MIL-PRF-19500/539 JANTXV DESCRIPTION This high speed NPN transistor is rated at 8 amps and is military qualified up to a JANTXV level. This TO-213AA isolated package features a 180 degree lead orientation. TO-213AA (TO-66) Package Important: For the latest information, visit our website http://www.microsemi.com. **FEATURES** JEDEC registered 2N6300 and 2N6301 Hermetically sealed JAN, JANTX, and JANTXV qualifications are available per MIL-PRF-19500/539 RoHS compliant versions available (commercial grade only) **APPLICATIONS / BENEFITS** Convenient package Mechanically rugged Military, space and other high reliability applications MAXIMUM RATINGS @ T<sub>C</sub> = 25 °C unless otherwise stated Parameters/Test Conditions Symbol Value Unit Junction and Storage Temperature T<sub>J</sub> and T<sub>STG</sub> -55 to +200 °C Thermal Resistance Junction-to-Case $R_{\Theta JC}$ 2.66 °C MSC – Lawrence 6 Lake Street, V **Collector-Base Voltage** 2N6300 60 V<sub>CBO</sub> Lawrence, MA 01841 2N6301 80 Tel: 1-800-446-1158 or V Collector-Emitter Voltage 2N6300 VCEO 60 (978) 620-2600 2N6301 80 Fax: (978) 689-0803 $V_{\text{EBO}}$ V Emitter-Base Voltage 5 MSC – Ireland **Continuous Operating Collector Current** Ιc 8 А Gort Road Business Park. **Base Current** 120 $I_{\mathsf{B}}$ mΑ Ennis, Co. Clare, Ireland Total Power Dissipation (1) W @ $T_{C} = 0 \, {}^{\circ}C$ Pт 75 Tel: +353 (0) 65 6840044 37 @ T<sub>C</sub> = 100 °C Fax: +353 (0) 65 6822298 NOTES: 1. Derate linearly at 0.428 W/°C above T<sub>C</sub> > 0 °C. Website:

www.microsemi.com



# **MECHANICAL and PACKAGING**

- CASE: Hermetic, TO-213AA package. Nickel plate with nickel cap.
- TERMINALS: Solder dipped (Sn63/Pb37) over nickel plated alloy 52. RoHS compliant matte-tin plating is also available on commercial grade only.
- MARKING: MSC, part number, date code, polarity symbol
- WEIGHT: Approximately 5.7 grams
- See <u>Package Dimensions</u> on last page.

# PART NOMENCLATURE



	SYMBOLS & DEFINITIONS					
Symbol	Definition					
Ι <sub>Β</sub>	Base current: The value of the dc current into the base terminal.					
Ι <sub>C</sub>	Collector current: The value of the dc current into the collector terminal.					
Ι <sub>Ε</sub>	Emitter current: The value of the dc current into the emitter terminal.					
Tc	Case temperature: The temperature measured at a specified location on the case of a device.					
V <sub>CB</sub>	Collector-base voltage: The dc voltage between the collector and the base.					
V <sub>CBO</sub>	Collector-base voltage, base open: The voltage between the collector and base terminals when the emitter terminal is open-circuited.					
V <sub>CC</sub>	Collector-supply voltage: The supply voltage applied to a circuit connected to the collector.					
$V_{CE}$	Collector-emitter voltage: The dc voltage between the collector and the emitter.					
V <sub>CEO</sub>	Collector-emitter voltage, base open: The voltage between the collector and the emitter terminals when the base terminal is open-circuited.					
$V_{EB}$	Emitter-base voltage: The dc voltage between the emitter and the base					
$V_{\text{EBO}}$	Emitter-base voltage, collector open: The voltage between the emitter and base terminals with the collector terminal open-circuited.					



Parameters / Test Conditions		Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit
ON CHARACTERISTICS				•	
Collector-Emitter Breakdown Voltage $I_{C} = 100 \text{ mA}$	2N6300 2N6301	V <sub>(BR)CEO</sub>	60 80		V
Collector-Emitter Cutoff Current $V_{CE} = 60 V_{BE} = 1.5 V$ $V_{CE} = 80 V_{BE} = 1.5 V$	2N6300 2N6301	I <sub>CEX</sub>		10	μA
Collector-Emitter Cutoff Current, Base Open V <sub>CE</sub> = 30 V V <sub>CE</sub> = 40 V	2N6300 2N6301	I <sub>CEO</sub>		0.5	mA
Emitter-Base Cutoff Current $V_{EB} = 5 V$		I <sub>EBO</sub>		2.0	mA
Forward Current Transfer Ratio $I_C = 1 A, V_{CE} = 3 V$ $I_C = 4 A, V_{CE} = 3 V$ $I_C = 8 A, V_{CE} = 3 V$		h <sub>FE</sub>	500 750 100	18000	
Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage $I_C = 4.0 \text{ A}, I_B = 16 \text{ mA}$ $I_C = 8.0 \text{ A}, I_B = 80 \text{ mA}$		V <sub>CE(sat)</sub>		2.0 3.0	V
Base-Emitter Saturation Voltage $V_{CE} = 3.0 \text{ V}, I_C = 4 \text{ A}$ $I_C = 8.0 \text{ A}, I_B = 80 \text{ mA}$		$V_{BE(sat)}$		2.8 4.0	V

# ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS @ 25 °C unless otherwise stated

# DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS

Parameters / Test Conditions	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit
Magnitude of Common Emitter Small-Signal Short-Circuit Forward Current Transfer Ratio $V_{CE} = 3.0 V$ , $I_C = 3.0 A$ , $f = 1 MHz$	h <sub>fe</sub>	25	350	
Common Emitter Small-Signal Short-Circuit Forward Current Trans-Ratio $V_{CE} = 3 V$ , $I_C = 3 A$ , $f = 1 kHz$	h <sub>fe</sub>	300		
Common Base Output V <sub>CB</sub> = 10 V, $I_E$ = 0 A, 100 kHz ≤ f ≤ 1 MHz	C <sub>obo</sub>		200	pF



# **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** @ $T_c = 25$ °C unless otherwise noted. (continued)

### SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS

Parameters / Test Conditions		Min.	Max.	Unit
Turn-On time $V_{CC} = 30 \text{ V}, I_C = 4 \text{ A}, I_{B1} = 16 \text{ mA}$	t <sub>on</sub>		2.0	μS
Turn-Off time $V_{CC} = 30 \text{ V}, I_{C} = 4 \text{ A}, I_{B1} = -I_{B2} = 16 \text{ mA}$	t <sub>off</sub>		8.0	μS

# SAFE OPERATING AREA (See Figures 1 and 2 and MIL-STD-750, Test Method 3053)

DC Tests  $T_{C} = +25 \text{ °C}, t = 1 \text{ second, duty cycle} ≤ 10\%$ Test 1  $V_{CE} = 8 \text{ V}, I_{C} = 8 \text{ A}$ Test 2  $V_{CE} = 20 \text{ V}, I_{C} = 2.0 \text{ A}$ Test 3  $V_{CE} = 60 \text{ V}, I_{C} = 100 \text{ mA (2N6300)}$  $V_{CE} = 80 \text{ V}, I_{C} = 100 \text{ mA (2N6301)}$ 



# SAFE OPERATING AREA











# PACKAGE DIMENSIONS







DIM	INCH		MILLIN		
DIN	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	Notes
СВ	0.470	0.500	11.94	12.70	
CD	-	0.620	-	15.76	
СН	0.250	0.340	6.35	8.64	
HR	-	0.350	-	8.89	
HT	0.050	0.075	1.27	1.91	
HR1	0.115	0.145	2.92	3.68	4
LD	0.028	0.034	0.71	0.86	4, 6
LL	0.360	0.500	9.14	12.70	
L1	-	0.050	-	1.27	6
MHD	0.142	0.152	3.61	3.86	4
MHS	0.958	0.962	24.33	24.43	
PS	0.190	0.210	4.83	5.33	3
PS1	0.093	0.107	2.36	2.73	3
S	0.570	0.590	14.48	14.99	
T1	Base				
T2	Emitter				
Case	Collector				

#### NOTES:

- 1. Dimensions are in inches.
- 2. Millimeters are given for information only.
- These dimensions should be measured at points 0.050 inch (1.27 mm) +0.005 inch (0.13 mm) -0.000 inch (0.00 mm) below seating plane.
   When gauge is not used, measurement will be made at the seating plane.
- 4. Two places.
- The seating plane of the header shall be flat within 0.001 inch (0.03 mm) concave to 0.004 inch (0.10 mm) convex inside a 0.930 inch (23.62 mm) diameter circle on the center of the header and flat within 0.001 inch (0.03 mm) concave to 0.006 inch (0.15 mm) convex overall.
  Lead diameter shall not exceed twice LD within L1.
- 7. Lead number 1 is the emitter, lead 2 is the base, case is the collector.
- In accordance with ASME Y14.5M, diameters are equivalent to Φx symbology.

# SCHEMATIC

